Illinois State Register.

VOL. VII—NO. 52 SPRINGFIELD, FRIDAY, MARCH 3, 1848. $2 A YEAR.

$3.00.

A. Bowman, Jr. & Co. are the Iron Jeft. in Chicago, and are authorized to receive subscriptions to the Register at that place.

$3.00.

We shall continue to send the Iron Jeft. to subscribers at that office, at $3 per annum, in advance, (if paid before the 1st of January, 1848,) and to receive subscriptions at that rate.

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DAVID LOGAN,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Will practice in the Courts of Sangamon and adjoining counties.
Springfield, Illinois.

ALEXANDER R. KEYES,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Will practice in the Courts of Sangamon and adjoining counties. Office on the north side of the Public Square, over Wright, Logan, Cromwell, & Co's. Store.
Springfield, Illinois.

Stephen T. Logan, Springfield, Illinois.
Wm. Walters, Petersburg, "
Wm. Thomas, Jacksonville, "
Archibald Fullerton, Quincy, "
Wm. Martin, Carrollton, "
Hezekiah Bradley, Belleville, "
Wm. Underwood, Edwardsville, "
Thomas Ford, Ottawa, "
Thomas Mather, Galena, "
Thomas Drummond, Chicago, "
Thomas Dyer, Lawrenceville, "
Thomas Lippincott, Shawneetown, "
Wm. Kinney, Belleville, "

D. A. PRETTYMAN,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Will practice in the Courts of Sangamon and adjoining counties. Office on the north side of the Public Square, over the store of Wright, Logan, Cromwell, & Co.
Springfield, Illinois.

Samuel Treat, Springfield, Illinois.
Stephen A. Douglas, Jacksonville, "
Thomas Ford, Ottawa, "
Thomas Mather, Galena, "
Thomas Drummond, Chicago, "
Thomas Dyer, Lawrenceville, "
Thomas Lippincott, Shawneetown, "
Wm. Kinney, Belleville, "

EDWARD CUNEY,
ATTORNEY & COUNSELOR AT LAW,
Shelbyville, Shelby county, Illinois.
Feb 18, 1848. 3m

O. B. FERGUSON,
ATTORNEY & COUNSELOR AT LAW,
Will practice in the Courts of Sangamon and adjoining counties. Office on the north side of the Public Square, over the store of Wright, Logan, Cromwell, & Co.
Springfield, Illinois.

CORNELIUS B. PITCHER, M. D.,
SURGEON AND PHYSICIAN. Office 4 doors south of the Post Office.
Jan 7, '48.

ELIAS D. Hendon,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Will punctually attend to business which may be entrusted to his care in the counties of Sangamon, Macoupin, Montgomery, Christian, Logan, and Mason.
Jan 7, '48.

Office of the Land Office.

JOHN J. HARDIN,
ATTORNEY AT LAW, PETERSBURG, ILL.,
Will attend to business entrusted to his care in the counties of Menard, Sangamon, Cass, Morgan, Macoupin, Montgomery, Christian, Logan, and Mason.
Jan 7, '48. J. J. HARDIN.

Thomas R. Hardin,
ATTORNEY AT LAW, PETERSBURG, ILL.,
Will attend to business entrusted to his care in the counties of Menard, Sangamon, Cass, Morgan, Macoupin, Montgomery, Christian, Logan, and Mason.
Jan 7, '48.

W. SHAWHAN,
ATTORNEY & COUNSELOR AT LAW,
SPRINGFIELD, ILLINOIS.
Will attend to the collection of claims in the county of Sangamon, and of the Circuit Courts of the United States, and of the Supreme Court of Illinois.
Jan 7, '48.

E. D. HAVEN AND J. A. ENGLE,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELORS AT LAW,
SPRINGFIELD, ILLINOIS.
E. D. HAVEN will attend to the collection of claims in the counties of Sangamon, Macoupin, Montgomery, Christian, Logan, and Mason.
Jan 7, '48.

HARDY AND EDWARDS,
PHYSICIANS AND SURGEONS,
Will attend to the practice of their profession in the counties of Sangamon, Macoupin, Montgomery, Christian, Logan, and Mason.
Springfield, Illinois, Jan 7, '48.

W. H. HOLMES,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Will practice in the Courts of Sangamon and adjoining counties. Office on the north side of the Public Square, over the store of Wright, Logan, Cromwell, & Co.
Springfield, Illinois.

S. M. TINSLEY & CO., Manufacturers and Dealers in Agricultural Implements, Springfield, Illinois.
All kinds of Agricultural Implements that will be wanted in the Spring, will be kept constantly on hand, and for sale at the lowest prices. Orders solicited.
Feb 18, 1848. 3m

FRESH COD & HERRING, shad mackerel, Potomac fish, for sale by
LANPHIER & STOUT.

WATERMELONS.—50 fresh ones have been received this day by
LANPHIER & STOUT.

OYSTERS, fresh and stewed, both hot and cold, at all hours, at the saloon of the subscriber.
JAMES ROBINSON.

LANPHIER, Stout, Cromwell, Brown, &c., for sale by
LANPHIER & STOUT.

CAST STEEL PLOUGHS.—For sale, a few very superior lots of cast steel ploughs, which we can recommend to be of the best quality. We are acknowledged to have the best assortment of ploughs in the city, and our prices are low. We solicit an examination of our stock, and are sure those who will do so will not purchase elsewhere.
LANPHIER & STOUT.

GRASS SEEDS, Timothy and clover seed, for sale by
LANPHIER & STOUT.

25 BOXES W. B. CHEESE, just received and for sale by
LANPHIER & STOUT.

LARDS, Cheese, Cornstalks, Brooms, &c., for sale by
LANPHIER & STOUT.

BRIDLES, Halters, Martingales, &c. on consignment and for sale low.
LANPHIER & STOUT.

25 BOXES FRESH RAISINS, just received and for sale by
LANPHIER & STOUT.

Mr. Calhoun on the Iron Jeft.

Mr. CALHOUN. I do not feel myself called upon to say much in relation to the Iron Jeft. I shall, however, state briefly the views of the administration on the subject. The Senator from Missouri [Mr. BENTON] has stated the facts correctly in relation to the Iron Jeft. The Senator from Missouri [Mr. BENTON] has stated the facts correctly in relation to the Iron Jeft. The Senator from Missouri [Mr. BENTON] has stated the facts correctly in relation to the Iron Jeft.

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The New Constitution.

Messrs. Editors.—About to sit down amongst the rubbish of the 19th century to expose some of the errors and absurdities, which I conceive to exist against the new constitution lately ratified, and which, shall my mental efforts appear in a communication, or in a "Pill," "Tobacco Box or Peoria Press and Anti-Infidel on the last Sunday.

Before I proceed, I beg to express my unqualified approbation in the adoption of every line of, or part of, which are included the interest of the community for fifteen years, and regret that the words "and to secure the freedom or use of the new constitution" were not inserted in the schedule, as I am of opinion that many provisions and its duties in the new constitution for the good sense and discretion of the people to adopt them, or reject them, as they may deem proper, and that the people will not accept of a constitution which they cannot understand, or which they have not the privilege of rejecting, or accepting, part and parcel of the same. Nevertheless, I am of opinion that the framers of the new constitution have done their duty, and have performed it in the most satisfactory manner, and that the people will not be slow in showing their approbation of the same.

I shall not, at present, enter into a detail of the objections which I conceive to exist against the new constitution, as I am aware that the public mind is not yet sufficiently prepared to receive them, and that they would be considered premature, and would not be duly appreciated; but I shall, in the course of a few months, when the public mind is more prepared to receive them, and when the new constitution is in full operation, offer them for the consideration of the people, and I am sanguine that they will be duly appreciated by them, and that they will be considered worthy of their attention, and that they will be the means of bringing about many alterations and amendments in the new constitution, which will be highly beneficial to the people, and to the future welfare of the state.

I shall, therefore, at present, only make an allusion to a few of the objections, and shall endeavor to be as concise as possible, in order that I may not trespass too much upon your columns.

It is truly unjust to me and therefore that any one of them should attempt to palm off such an opinion upon the people, for I will show conclusively in the course of my future communications, that I am not opposed to the new constitution, and that I am only opposed to a few of the objections that the framers of the new constitution have made to the constitution, and that I am opposed to them because against the new constitution.

In the first place it must be clear that section four, article two, of the new constitution, which provides that "no person shall be entitled to the privilege of an elector, who shall not have paid a state or county tax," is unjust, and that it will be the means of many of the citizens of this state being deprived of the right of suffrage, and that at the next general election. All that the old constitution required was, that the voter should pay a state or county tax, which was assessed at least six months previous to the election, and that was sufficient for the purpose of payment and the fee of vote. But in the new constitution, it requires that the tax shall have been assessed and paid at least one year previous to the election, or else the voter will not be entitled to vote. Now, under the old constitution, if a man had been assessed for a state or county tax, and had refused to pay it, he could not vote; but under the new constitution, if a man has been assessed for a state or county tax, and has refused to pay it, he can vote, and the collector will be compelled to collect the tax, or else be liable to be sued for the same, and the collector will be compelled to collect the tax, or else be liable to be sued for the same, and the collector will be compelled to collect the tax, or else be liable to be sued for the same

Correspondence of the Register.

Cincinnati, Feb. 25

Messrs. Langley & Gallaher,

Pursuant to a call signed by all the back slang democrats of this city, a meeting was held in the court house, on Wednesday evening last, for the purpose of considering the policy of the general government since coming into the hands of the present administration, and other subjects of national importance, and to express their opinions in relation to the same. The meeting was large and respectable in appearance, and was composed of democrats, and democrats only.

At the appointed hour, Mr. Gerard Hallock, of the Cincinnati Gazette, called the meeting to order, and Mr. Samuel Medary was appointed chairman, and Mr. Maxwell and Mr. Hallock secretaries. After the object of the meeting had been stated by the chair, Mr. Corry was called for, who rose to speak on a very general and elaborate speech, which occupied his attention for an hour, in the following resolutions:

1. Resolved, That the meeting now here gathered by the act of Mr. Medary, and that the President in proclaiming for the first time in the history of the U. S. the recognition of the heathen as the first duty of the government, and in declaring that the spread of the Christian religion, and not the spread of republicanism, was the first object to promote the national welfare by the government, &c.

2. That the whole act originally put out as the platform of the party, and the whole course of the party since, is a fraud and a delusion; every thing in relation to office seekers has passed, the effects of the act so called as part of the platform of the democracy, and its whole spirit called to our notice in the inaugural address of the President, is a fraud and a delusion.

3. That the revolutionary course of events during the last three years, and the present position of the country, as illustrated during the war, has led the democracy of the country to the conclusion that the principles and practices of the democratic party of former times, if not necessary in the present condition of affairs, are at least inapplicable to the present state of the country, and that the democratic party is compelled to abandon the principles of the past, and to adopt the principles of the present, or to abandon the country, and to leave it to the fanatics and abolitionists of the North and the South, to work out the issues of the times.

4. That the policy of the present administration, as developed in the inaugural address, and in the course pursued at the new congress, and as put in operation by the administration, is a departure from the principles of the democratic party, and is a practical surrender of the principles of the democratic party, and is a practical surrender of the principles of the democratic party, and is a practical surrender of

BOOT & SHOE MAKING.

THE ABOVE is a business always in demand, and at the present time there is a great scarcity of good workmen in this line. Having an extensive trade to call from, I am desirous of procuring a few more hands, and offer inducements to such as may be worthy of encouragement. Those who are in want of employment, and can come well recommended for steady habits and good workmanship, may find it to their interest to address me by letter, or call on me personally. Those who are not competent to execute a neat job in every particular, by their own practical skill and knowledge of the business, need not apply, as I am determined not to employ any but first-rate workmen. Those who are not satisfied in their present situation, and desirous of bettering their condition, by coming to a place where they will be sure of constant employment, and receive the highest wages, will find it to their interest to call on me. Apprentices will be taken, on reasonable terms, if application is made soon. Any person who can recommend a good workman to me, will confer a favor by informing me of it. Any communications addressed to me, will receive prompt attention, and no trouble will be spared in procuring good workmen.

The mill will take account for Leather first and those in debt for Leather will please call.

JAS. GODFREY.

Belleville, Aug. 1, 1850.

AT DEADMARSH.

CORNELIA JONES & CO. would inform their numerous customers that they have already received and are now opening a large portion of their Fall and Winter Goods, direct from the Manufacturers, and will be receiving large additions to their stock for some weeks to come.

The entire stock will consist of Dress Goods of every description, Shawls, Mantles, Bonnets, Ribbons, Hosiery, Gloves, Boots and Shoes, Carpets, Oil Cloths, &c., &c., &c., which will be sold at the lowest prices for Cash or Produce.

Having spent more than one month in the city for the purpose of making these purchases, they think they can furnish their customers with as well-assorted, cheap, fashionable and seasonable stock of goods as can be found in any other establishment in the country, and therefore solicit a call from all who are in want of goods in their line.

Deadmarsh, Sept. 1, 1850.

NEW PANEL DRESSING.

THE SUBSCRIBER has commenced business in the above line, in the shop lately occupied by Mr. Daniel Hall, where he will be pleased to receive orders of panels in Doors, &c., ranging as follows:

8-10, sizes,	Middle,
Square, single,	Segment,
Double, ranging,	Cupped,
Sunk beads and ovey,	Ogee,
Planishing and ovey,	Bead,
Astragal,	Flush,
Ovey,	Bevel,
Double ovey,	Bevel and ovey,
Lozenge,	Bevel and bead,
Lozenge and bead,	Bevel and astragal,
Diamond,	Bevel and ovey,
Diamond and bead,	Bevel and bead,
Diamond and ovey,	Bevel and astragal,
Diamond and astragal